Study of HOM-Based Beam Alignment in Third Harmonic SC Cavities at FLASH

Pei Zhang (DESY / U. Manchester)

Joint US-CERN-Japan-Russia Accelerator School

Erice, Apr 13th, 2011









FLASH and ACC39

Free-electron LASer in Hamburg (FLASH)







Joint Accelerator School, Erice, Apr 13th 2011

Motivation

- Higher order modes (HOMs) are excited by charge particles in cavity
 - influence the beam both longitudinally and transversely
- non-monopole modes excited by off-axis particle
- **Dipole modes dominate transverse wake potentials**



Motivation (Cont'd)

• Considerably larger wakefields (compare to 1.3GHz cavity)

 $w_{\prime\prime} \sim \lambda^{-2}$, $w_{\perp} \sim \lambda^{-3}$ (λ is structure scaling factor)

- HOMs propagate through attached beam pipes
- HOMs shift frequencies in ACC39 module w.r.t. single cavity and hard to identify





multi-cell, single cavity modes

 3.9GHz cavity multi-cavity modes

Joint Accelerator School, Erice, Apr 13th 2011

HOM Measurement





Joint Accelerator School, Erice, Apr 13th 2011

HOM Signal

Scope - C1H1-G2move01



Dependence (Mode ID)



Lorentzian fit to get amplitude and Q

$$y = y_0 + A \cdot \frac{w^2}{(x - x_0)^2 + w^2}$$

Power density of dipole modes

x 10⁻³



Alternative Methods



• Direct Linear Regression (DLR)

$$A \cdot M + B_0 = B$$

• Singular Value Decomposition (SVD)

$$A = U \cdot S \cdot V^T \longrightarrow A_S \text{ (small size)}$$

(size of *M* is too large)

 $A_{S} \cdot M_{S} + B_{0S} = B$ (small size M_{S})

Joint Accelerator School, Erice, Apr 13th 2011

SVD vs. DLR



Pei Zhang

Joint Accelerator School, Erice, Apr 13th 2011

Summary

- HOM dependence on beam movement firstly seen at the third harmonic cavity module
- Various different analysis methods show dipole dependence on beam movement

Future Plans

- Increasing the coverage in 4D space (x, y, x', y')
- Investigation of suitable modes for diagnostics electronics
- Design electronics for HOM-BPM for FLASH