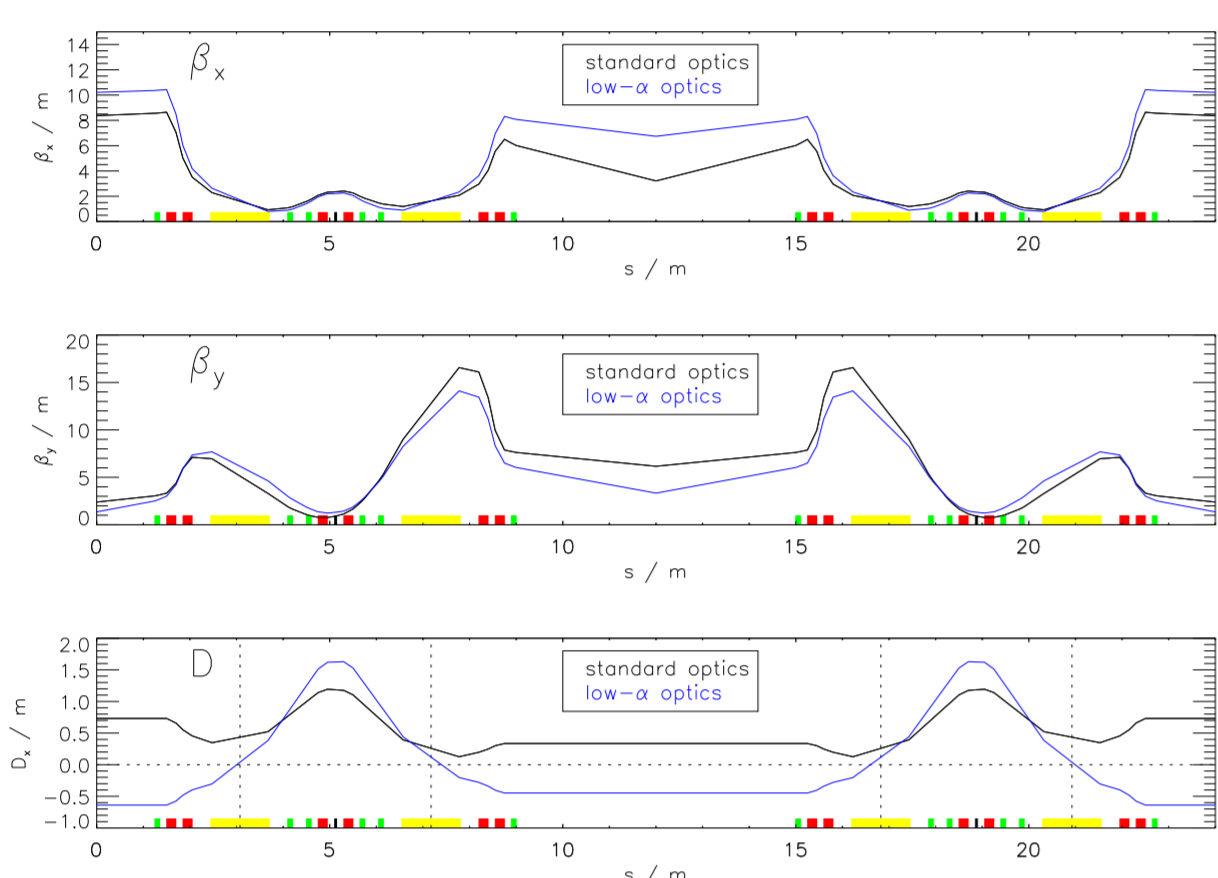


# The MLS - an optimized source for coherent THz synchrotron radiation

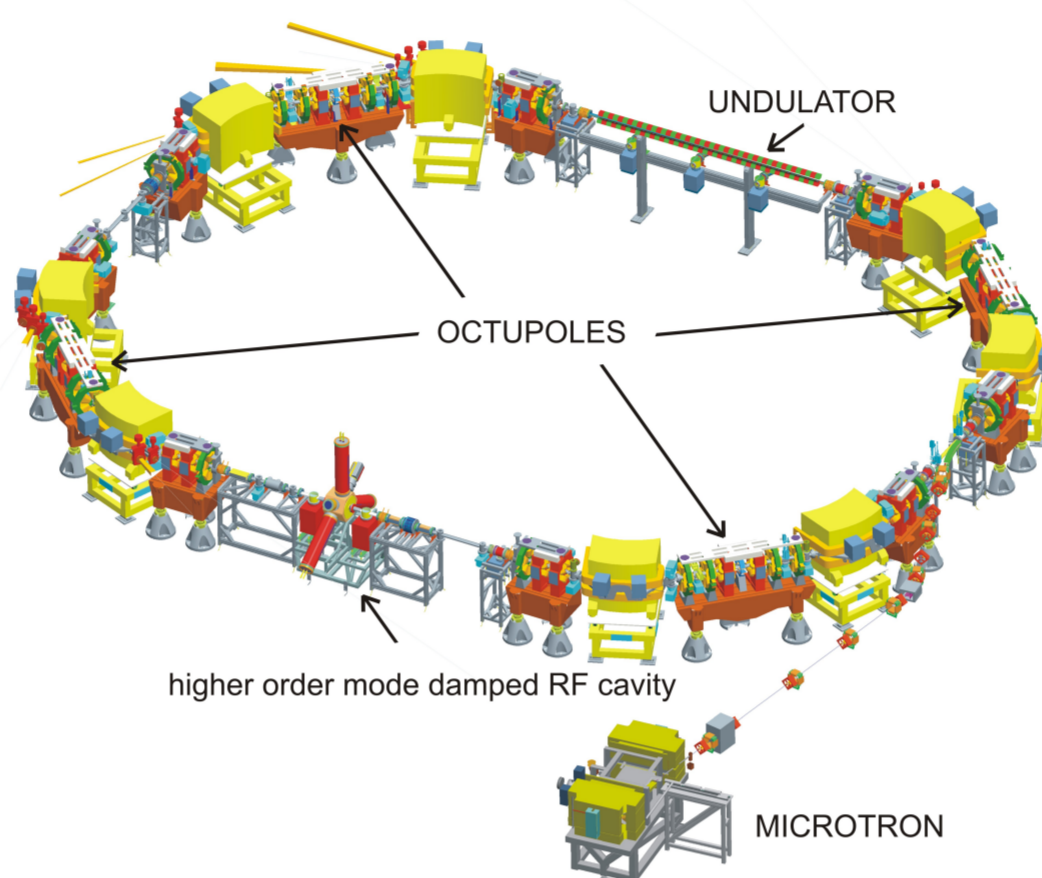
## Picosecond bunches at the Metrology Light Source (MLS)

The MLS is an electron storage ring optimized to generate EUV-/ VUV-radiation. In addition, dedicated sextupole and octupole magnets allow exceptional control of the non-linear momentum compaction factor  $\alpha = \alpha_0 + \alpha_1\delta + \alpha_2\delta^2$ . Therefore, in a low- $\alpha$  optics mode it is possible to create sub-ps electron bunches of good lifetime.

### lattice functions



### MLS scheme

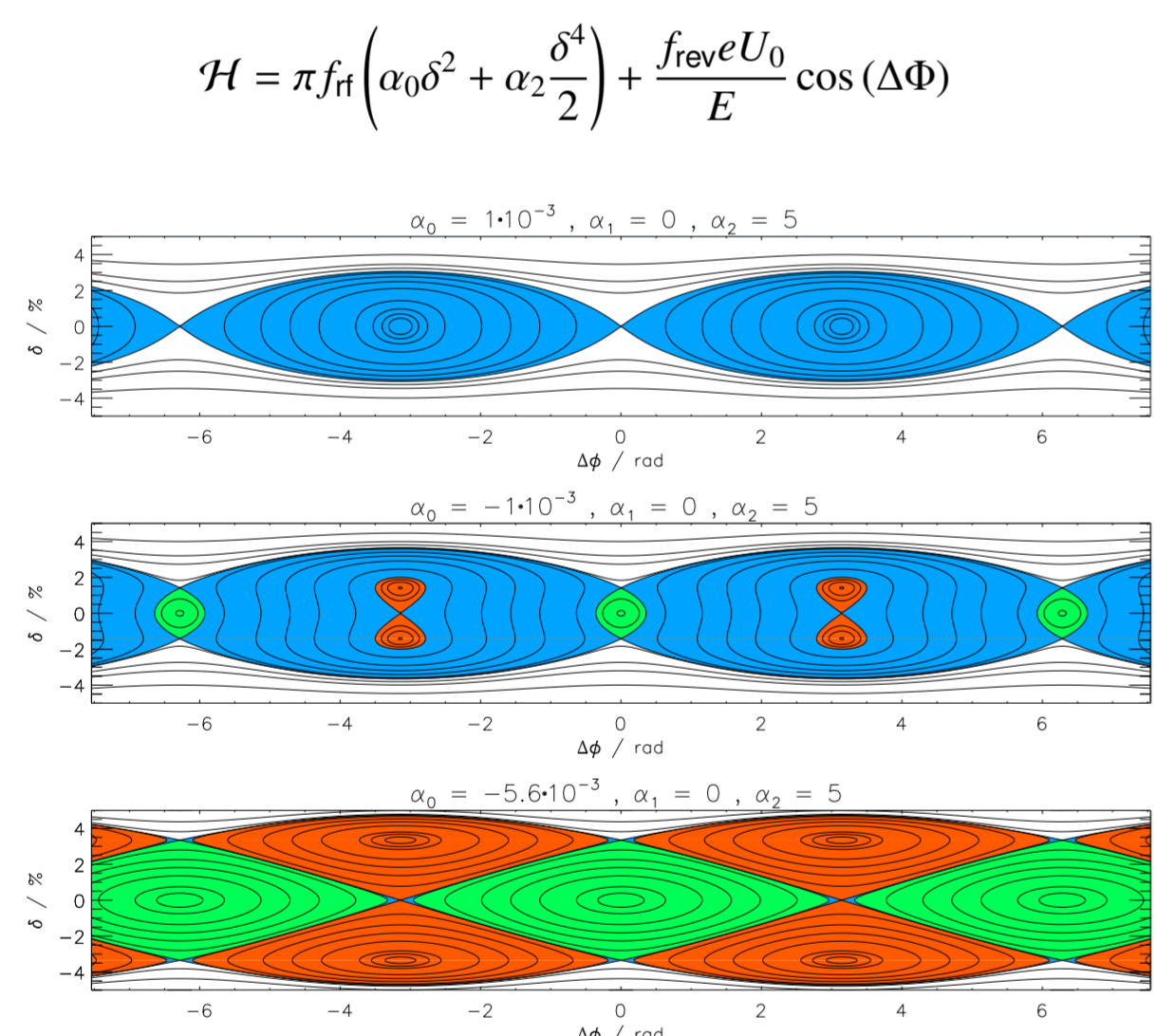


### storage ring parameters

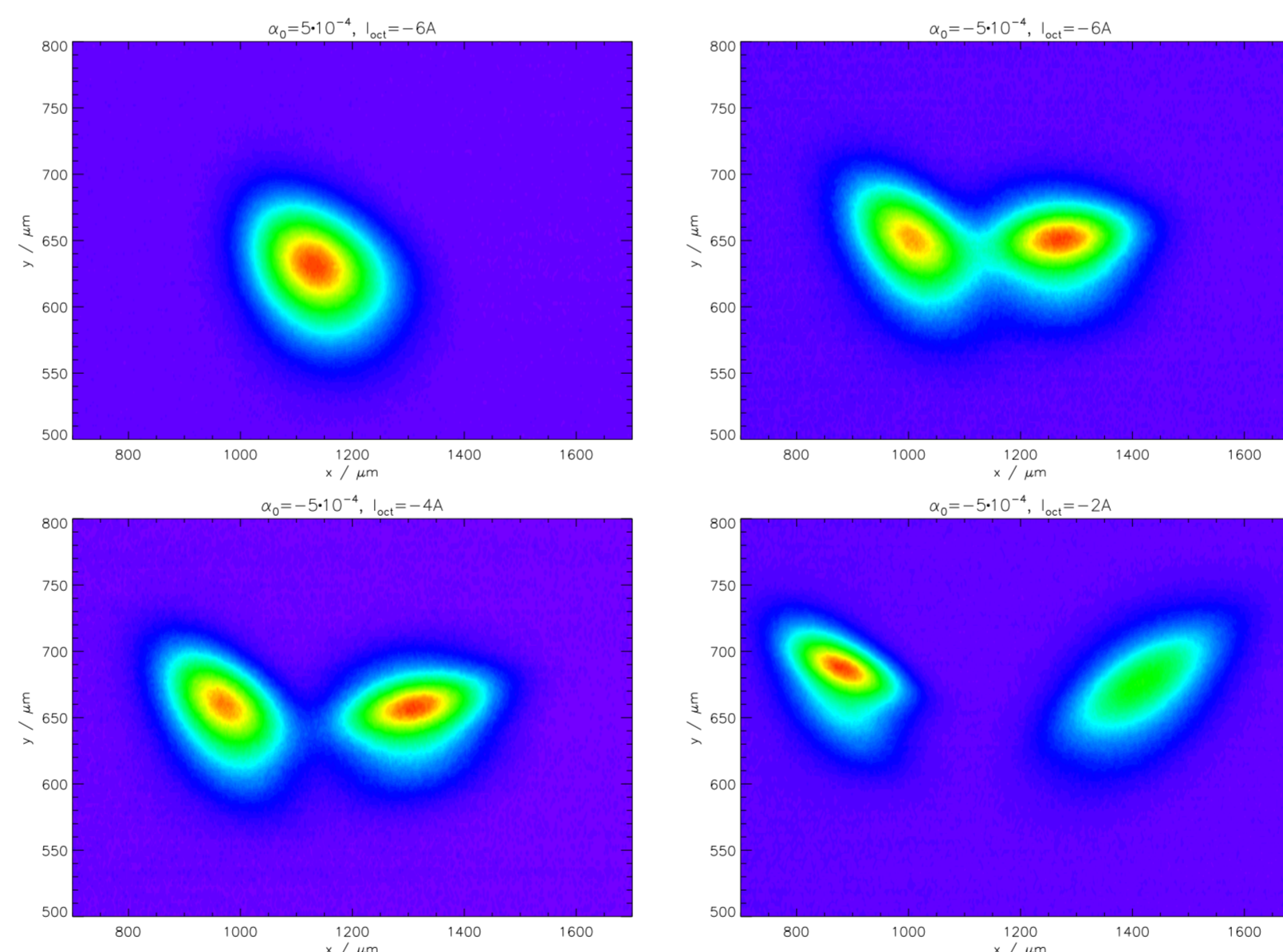
parameter	value
structure	double bend acromat
circumference	48 m
$R_{\text{bend}}$	1.528 m
$E_e$	105 ... 629 MeV
$\Delta E_e / \text{turn}$	7 ... 9060 eV
$\frac{\Delta p}{p}$	$0.7 \cdot 10^{-4} \dots 4.2 \cdot 10^{-4}$
$I_e$	1 pA ( $1e^-$ ) ... 200 mA
$\alpha$	$1 \cdot 10^{-5} \dots 7 \cdot 10^{-2}$
$V_{\text{RF-max}}$	450 kV
$Q_x / Q_y$	3.18 / 2.23

## Low- $\alpha$ buckets and generation of double beams

### RF bucket dynamics

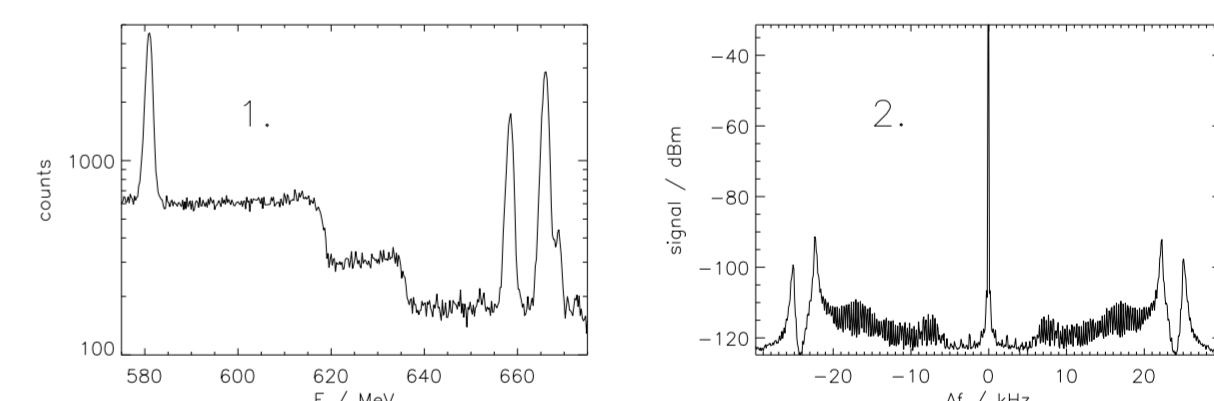


### observation of double beams



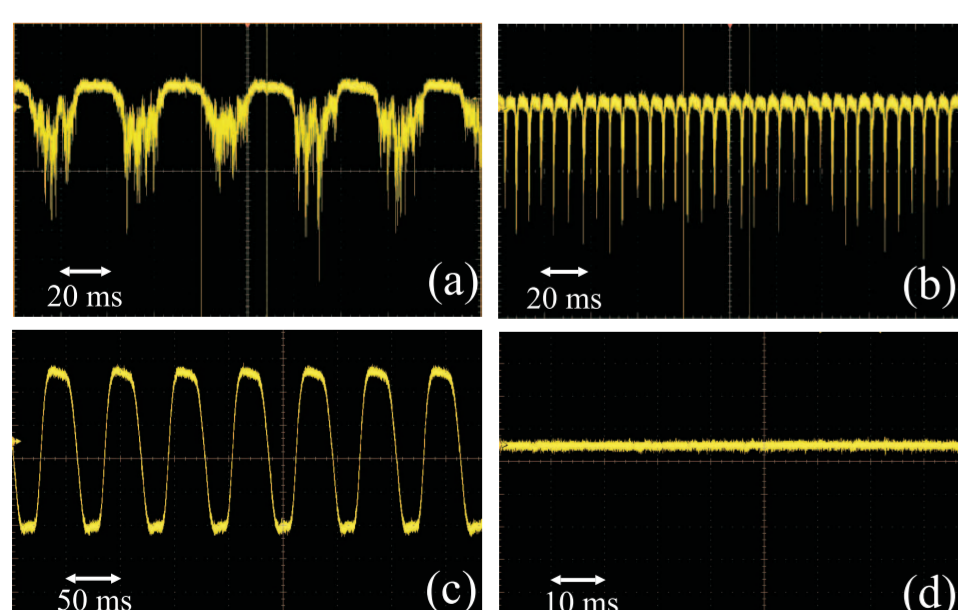
### double beam diagnostics

1. Energy difference of the double beam, measured with Compton backscattering  $\Delta E = 3.3\% E_0 = 21 \text{ MeV}$
2. longitudinal tune measurement shows different tunes for each bunch



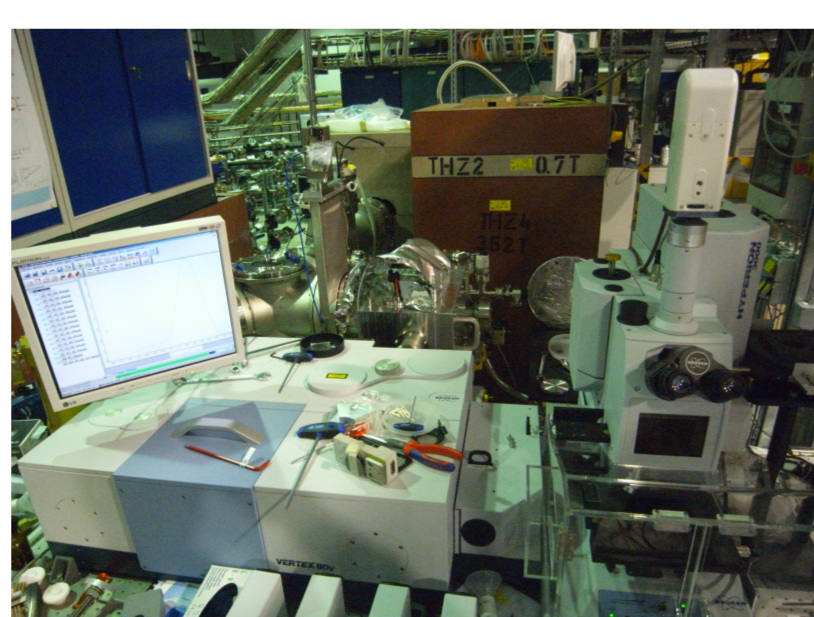
## Coherent synchrotron radiation: detection and application

### THz time domain



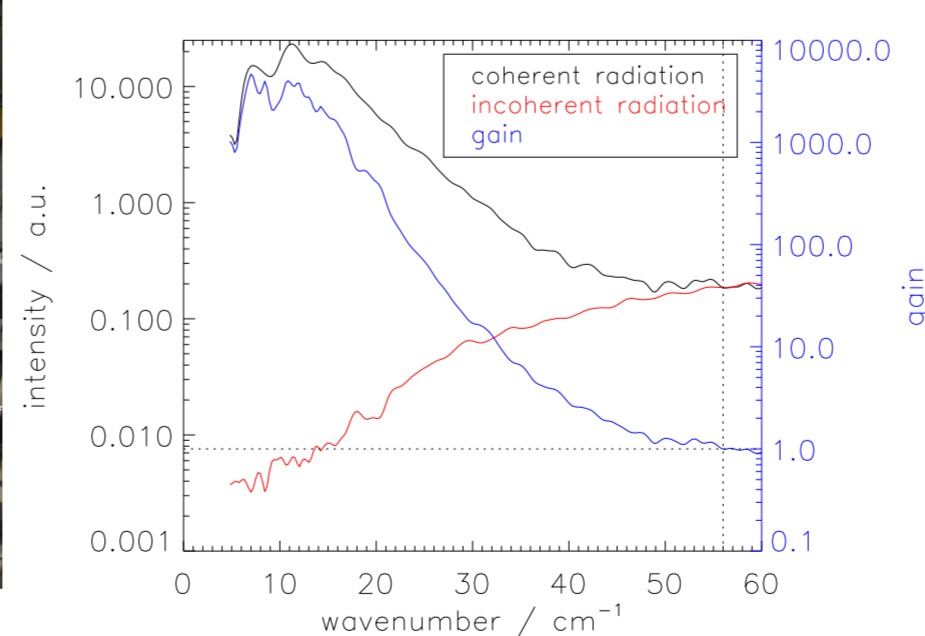
oscilloscope records

### FTIR spectrometer



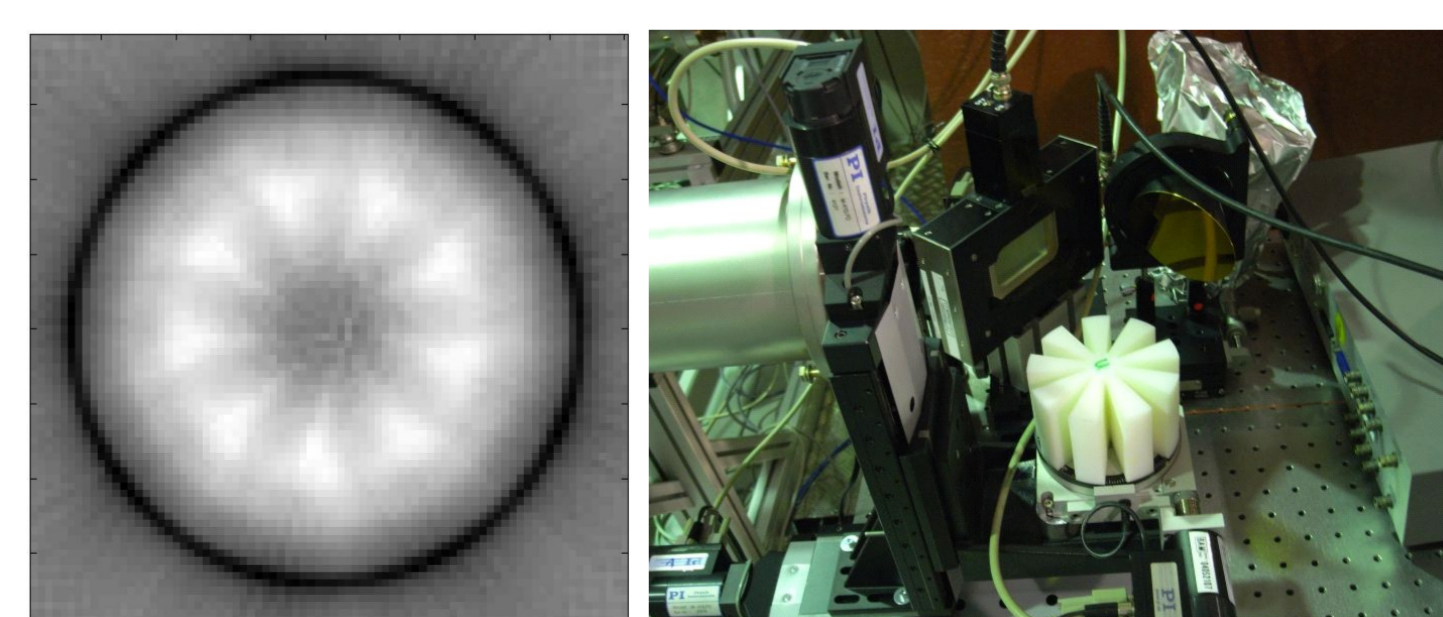
THz beam port

### THz frequency domain



coherent frequency range

### THz - computed tomography



THz CT works similar as the well known X-ray CT. High brilliance THz CSR from the MLS is applied. measurements in cooperation with BAM, Berlin

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